Totrr!!!

- Totrr: Top of the Room Review
- To get ready for the NYS Global History Regents
 Examination, we will be using Totrr. For every "chunk" or unit of study throughout the course there will be several images at the top of the room.
- These images will serve as a review tool throughout the school year. What this means for you: periodically there will be Totrr Quizzes.
- I will give you the material needed to study for these and will use a portion of class time to review them with you.
- Take note: looking at these for about 10 minutes every day will improve your performance.

From the Beginning...

Pre-History (60,000-10,000 BCE)

#1

Name: Old Stone Age

AKA: Paleolithic Age

 2 jobs: Hunting and Gathering (that's it)





Pre-History (10,000 BCE)

#2

Name: New Stone Age

AKA: Neolithic Age

 Jobs: Farming, domesticating animals, setting up civilization





People are staying put!

Early Civilizations (2500-250 BCE)

#3

- Name of shaded area: Fertile Crescent
- Civilization known as the "Land between 2 Rivers": Mesopotamia
- 2 Rivers: Tigris and

Euphrates



Early Civilizations (2500-250 BCE)

#4

- Name: China
- Structure: Great Wall of China
- 2 things is did: protects from outsiders and isolates them (unique)



More Civilizations and 1st Religion 1

Early Civilizations (2500-250 BCE)

#5

Name: Egypt

 2 structures: Sphinx and Pyramids

- Writing system: hieroglyphics
- Kings called: pharaohs

#6

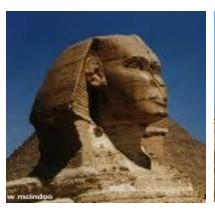
Name: Buddhism

Founder: Siddhartha
 Gautama

Origin: India

4: Four Noble Truths

• 8: Eight Fold Path







4

8

Origins of Western Civilization

Ancient Greece (1750 BCE-133 BCE) #7

Name: Greece

Structure: Parthenon

Architectural Style: columns

 Civilization was broken up into hundreds of minicountries called: city-states



Ancient Greece (1750 BCE-133 BCE) #8

Name: Athens

 Type of Government: democracy

 Activities: voting, arts, education, farming, fishing, trading



THIS IS ELLENBURG!

Ancient Greece (1750 BCE-133 BCE) #9

- Name: Sparta
- Type of government: oligarchy and totalitarianism
- Activities: war/military



Ancient Greece (1750 BCE-133 BCE) #10

- Name: Alexander the Great
- Where's he from: Macedonia
- Culture he spreads:
 Hellenistic (Greek, Egypt,
 Persian, India)



2 Giant Empires Arcient Rome (509 BCE-476 CE)

Ancient Greece (1750 BCE-133

- BCE) #11 Name: Empire of Alexander the Great
- Starts at: Macedonia
- Goes South to: Egypt
- Then all the way over to: Persia and India
- Spreading different ideas: cultural diffusion- Hellenistic Culture



#12

- Structure: Coliseum
- Architectural Style: arch
- Activities: gladiator fights, executions
- Type of government: republic then empire
- 12: Law of Twelve Tables





More Rome and 2nd Religion

Ancient Rome (509 BCE-476 CE) #13

Structure: aqueducts

Job: brought water from the countryside to the cities

Pizza Guy: Caesar

Name: Augustus Caesar (1st

Emperor)





Ancient Rome (509 BCE-476 CE) #14

Name: Christianity

Founder: Jesus Christ

Book: Bible

Origin: Israel

Mono or Poly theistic: mono

Meaning: only 1 God



Totrr

Native Americans (1400 BCE-1570 CE) #15

Name: Maya

 Where: Yucatan Peninsula in Mesoamerica

Structure: step pyramids

Religion: polytheistic

Concept of: Zero





Native Americans (1400 BCE-1570 CE) #16

Name: Aztec

Where: Central Mexico

 Capital: Tenochtitlan (Mexico City)

 Practiced: heavy human sacrifice

Concept of: 365-day calendar





Runners and the Andes

Native Americans (1400 BCE-1570 CE) #17

Name: Inca

Where: South America

Mountains: Andes

 Large Empire: 12,000 miles of roads

Type of farming: terrace

City: Machu Picchu









What are the 2 rivers in the Fertile Crescent called?

Which Greek city-state did almost nothing but war?

Who founded Buddhism?